

SustainERA





Kestliku tuleviku väljakutsed Eestis:

SustainERA projekti tutvustus

Anu Realo

Warwicki Ülikool, Tallinna Ülikool, Tartu Ülikool

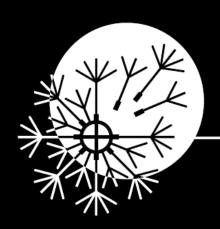
SustainERA ID: 101186958 – HORIZON-WIDERA-2023-TALENTS-01











SustainERA

ERA CHAIR IN SUSTAINABLE FUTURES

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Towards a Sustainable Future

Making sure people today can live happy, healthy lives while preserving the same opportunity for future generations













Main Goals



CAPACITY BUILDING

To strengthen interdisciplinary research excellence, capacity, and capability at TLU, by establishing **a new high-level research group in the field of Sustainable Futures**, focusing on sustainability and non-growth.

RESEARCH EXCELLENCE

To create an **Open Lab for Sustainable Futures research**, fostering collaboration across various TLU Schools and with external private and public partners, with the aim of **enhancing interdisciplinary research excellence** and informing evidence-based interventions and policy development in this field.



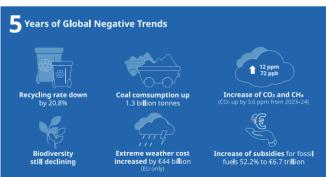








Dealing with the Planetary Crisis easac



6 out of 9

Almost 7 planetary boundaries breached



CO₂ levels exceeding those of 3.3 million years ago

In the Pliocene, temperatures were around 3 °C hotter and sea levels were 20 metres higher





European Academies



Science Advisory Council



Policy Actions for a Sustainable Future

Rethink economic growth: Move beyond GDP-centric growth models towards sustainability-focused well-being indicators

End harmful subsidies: Stop fossil fuel subsidies and ensure a just transition to clean energy

Promote circular economy: Improve recycling and resource efficiency to increase circularity

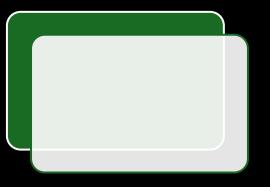
Protect biodiversity: Enforce stricter regulations on habitat preservation and restoration

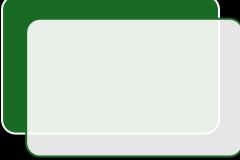
Base policies on facts: Prioritize scientific evidence over political expediency in decision-making



Research Programme

Focus on individuals













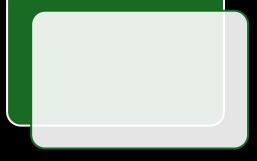




Research Programme

Focus on individuals

Education as a key driver















Research Programme

Focus on individuals

Education as a key driver

Focus on Estonia











Focus on Estonia



- Among Central and Eastern
 European countries a leader in
 sustainable performance and
 innovation growth.
- Low concern for climate change and minimal eco-conscious behaviour.
- Broader international and historical perspectives will complement the Estonian focus.









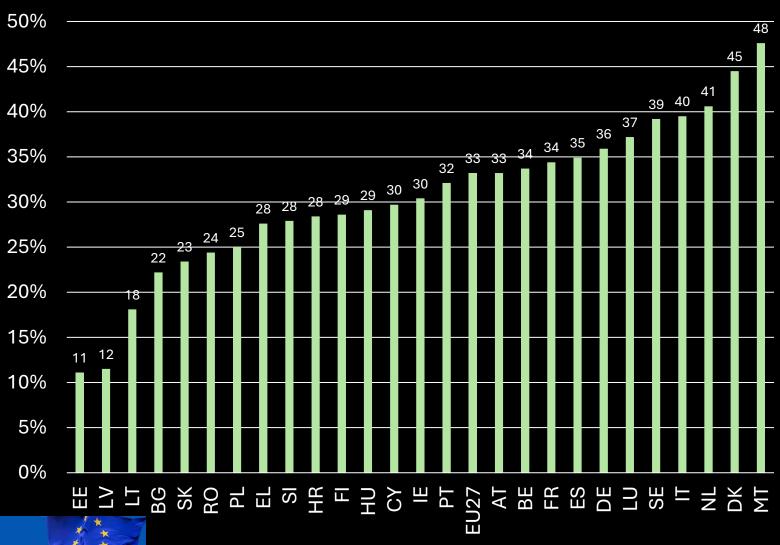


Which of the following areas do you think the EU should address as a priority?



June-July 2024, Flash Eurobarometer 550 EU

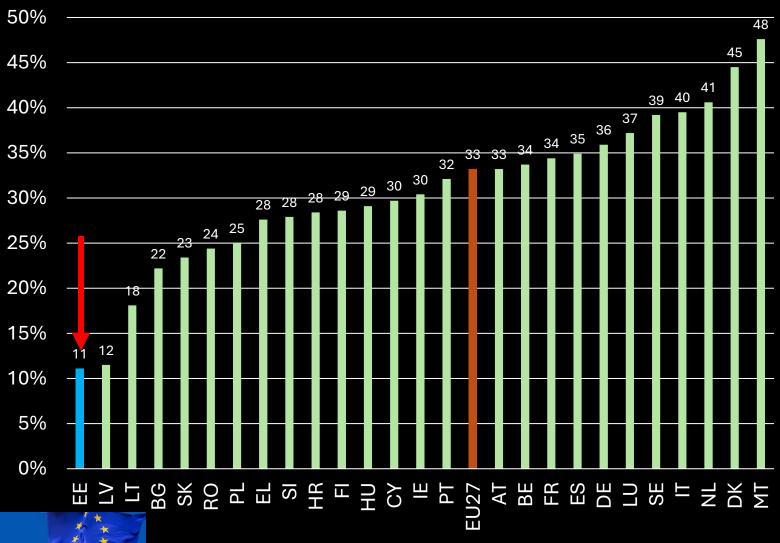
Which of the following areas do you think the EU should address as a priority? – ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE



Eurobarometer
Public Opinion in the European Union

June-July 2024, Flash Eurobarometer 550 EU

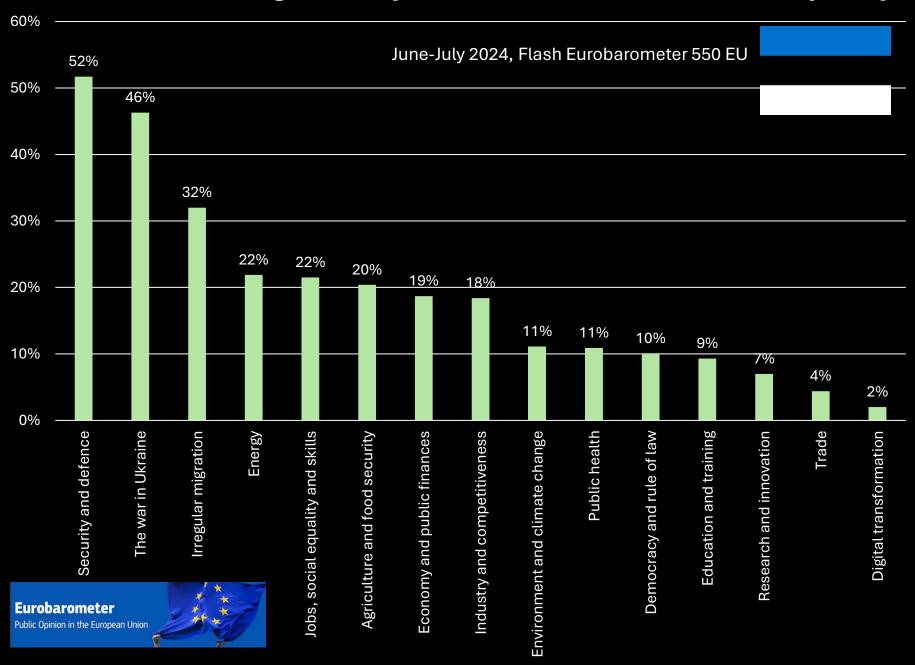
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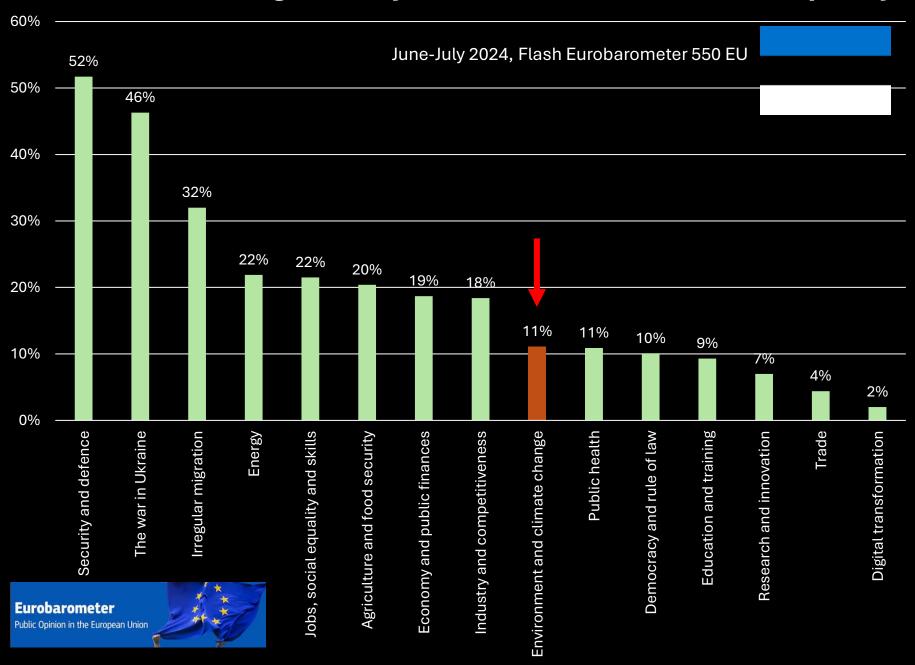
EurobarometerPublic Opinion in the European Union

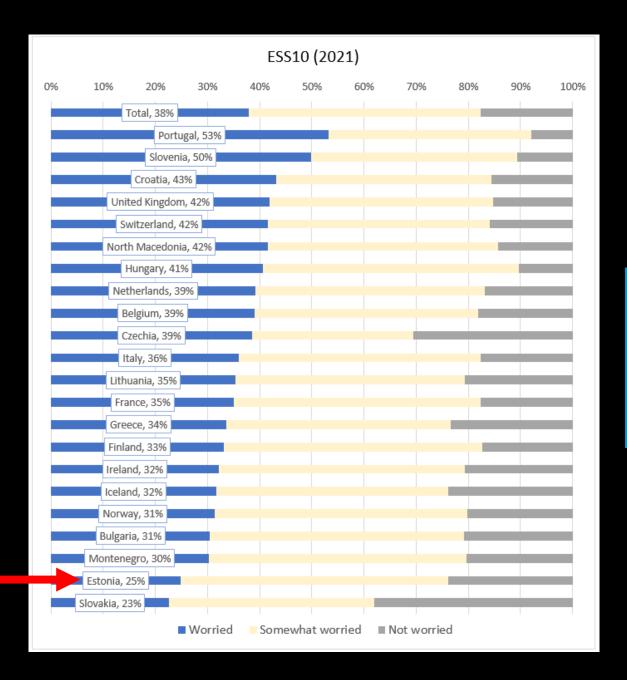
June-July 2024, Flash Eurobarometer 550 EU

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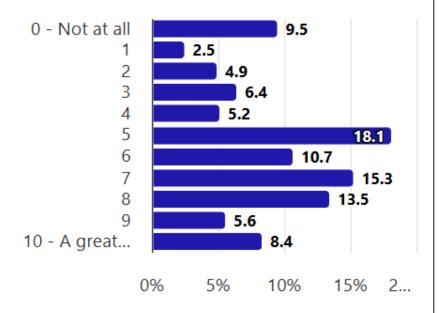
How worried are you about climate change? (2021)



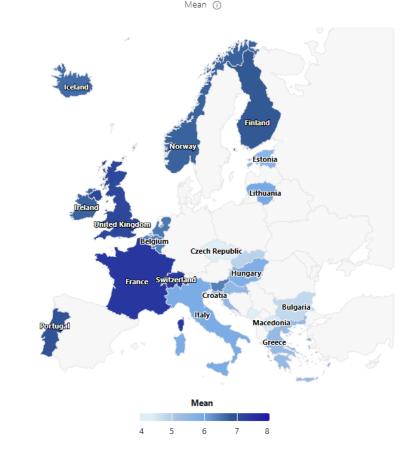
To what extent feel personal responsibility to reduce climate change

Estonia

To what extent feel personal responsibility to reduce climate change



To what extent feel personal responsibility to reduce climate change







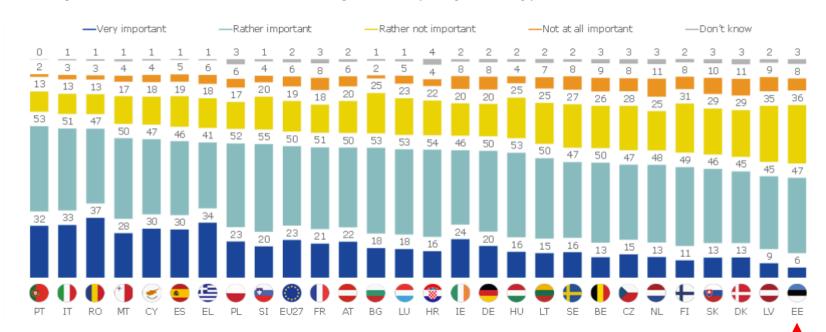
2021



Importance of the Environmental Consequences of Consumer Purchases"

DX1 How important are the following aspects when making a decision on what products (goods or services) to buy?

The impact on the environment of the product (% by country)









Lead Investigators: Anu Realo and Grete Arro

Individual Characteristics and Behaviours in Sustainability Transitions:

Investigates individual-level attitudes, values, knowledge, and behaviours related to sustainability and non-growth in Estonia, within the Nordic-Baltic context. It includes developing methods for monitoring and evaluating the impact of sustainability initiatives on public awareness and individual actions.

Agency, Trust, and Personal Responsibility in Sustainable Futures:

Examines how agency, personal responsibility, and trust influence sustainable behaviour. Focuses on how individuals attribute responsibility for sustainability and how these attributions shape their actions and responses to sustainability campaigns, using mixed-method research approaches.













Lead Investigators: Mari-Liis Jakobson and Leif Kalev

Political Communication and Attitudes:

Explores political communication on sustainability and degrowth in Estonia. It includes analysing media, manifestos, and social media, examining political actors' positions and communication strategies, and assessing their impact on public attitudes and behaviour.

Policy Development for Governing Sustainability Transition:

Examines how policymakers adopt and adapt EU sustainability regulations, focusing on policy implementation, societal acceptance, and co-governance. It aims to identify best practices for effective and legitimate sustainability governance.













Lead Investigators: Jaanus Terasmaa, Katrin Männik, Terje Väljataga

Sustainable Organisation and Ecosystems:

Investigates how organisations transition to sustainability using ESG frameworks, identifying key drivers and barriers. It aims to develop flexible lifelong learning models for organisations, focusing on universities and their ESG strategies, with TLU as a case study.

Organisational Transitions to Sustainability in Estonia: An ESG-Based Analysis:

Focuses on mid-level managers and marketing specialists in Estonian organisations, exploring how ESG frameworks influence sustainability transitions. Identifies barriers, competency gaps, and strategies, while developing tailored models using European sustainability competence frameworks.













Lead Investigators: Tarmo Pikner, Kai Pata, Terje Väljataga

The Role of Communities and Rural-Urban Contexts in Driving Sustainability Transitions:

Explores community-based sustainability transformations in rural and urban settings, focusing on circular bioeconomy and other sustainable practices, with an emphasis on rural communities and innovation hubs like technoparks.

The Role of Urban and Rural Contexts and Time Dimensions Related to Nongrowth and Sustainability Transitions:

Examines how spatial, cultural, and temporal factors influence sustainability transitions, focusing on communities, care, and anticipated futures in non-growth contexts, and how historical experiences shape attitudes towards sustainability.











Enhancing Research Excellence and Developing the Next **Generation of Researchers**



Sustain ER A

ERA CHAIR IN SUSTAINABLE FUTURES

- **Collaboration and Capacity Building with Graduate Schools** Integrate interdisciplinary approaches to social science research for sustainable futures into the doctoral school programme in Estonia and into relevant international doctoral schools.
- Organisation of Summer/Winter Schools for Early Career Researchers In collaboration with other TLU Schools, two summer and/or winter schools for ECRs (doctoral students and postdoctoral fellows) in the field of Sustainable Futures will be organised. The schools will accommodate 20+ participants.
- **PhD Supervisors Support** Regular workshops targeting both younger andmore experienced supervisors.











We're recruiting!



Anu Realo • You Professor * University of Warwick * Tallinn University * University of Tartu * Est... 2w • 🕥

Exciting PhD and postdoc opportunities at Tallinn University!

We're recruiting 4 fully funded PhD students and 3 postdocs—a unique opportunity to join our SustainERA interdisciplinary research team led by me and Kai Pata!

Four PhD students

f https://lnkd.in/eHvM5RSw

Three postdocs

- https://lnkd.in/e3yKxRne
- https://lnkd.in/eYkv5TrC
- f https://lnkd.in/e78Wp9WE

Apply by 16th April



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Thank you!

Please follow us on social media:







@sustainera.bsky.social



linkedin.com/company/106934630 (ERA Chair in Sustainable Futures)















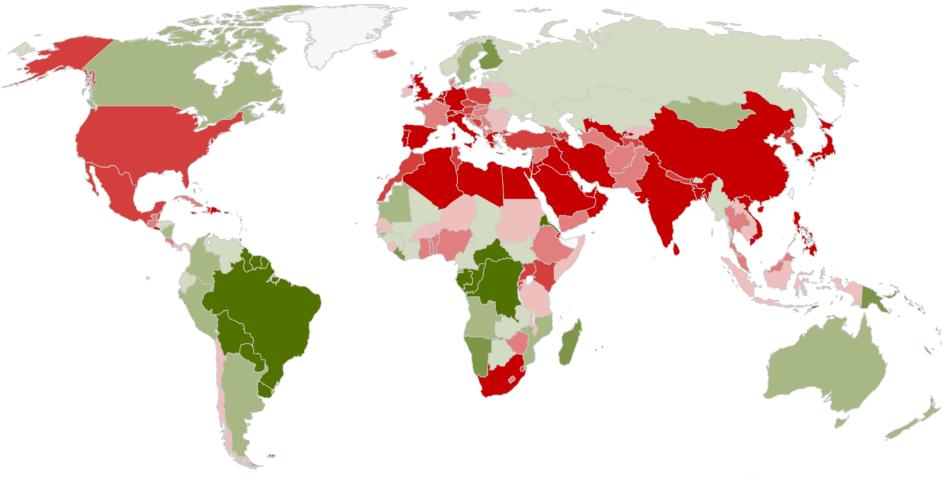




















FOOTPRINT GREATER THAN BIOCAPACITY

ECOLOGICAL DEFICIT/RESERVE

An ecological deficit occurs when the Ecological Footprint of a population exceeds the biocapacity of the area available to that population. A national ecological deficit means that the country is net-importing biocapacity through trade, liquidating national ecological assets or emitting more carbon dioxide waste into the atmosphere than its own ecosystems absorb. In contrast, an ecological reserve exists when the biocapacity of a region exceeds its population's Ecological Footprint.

BIOCAPACITY CREDITORS BIOCAPACITY GREATER THAN FOOTPRINT









50% - 100% 50% - 0%





BIOCAPACITY DEBTORS



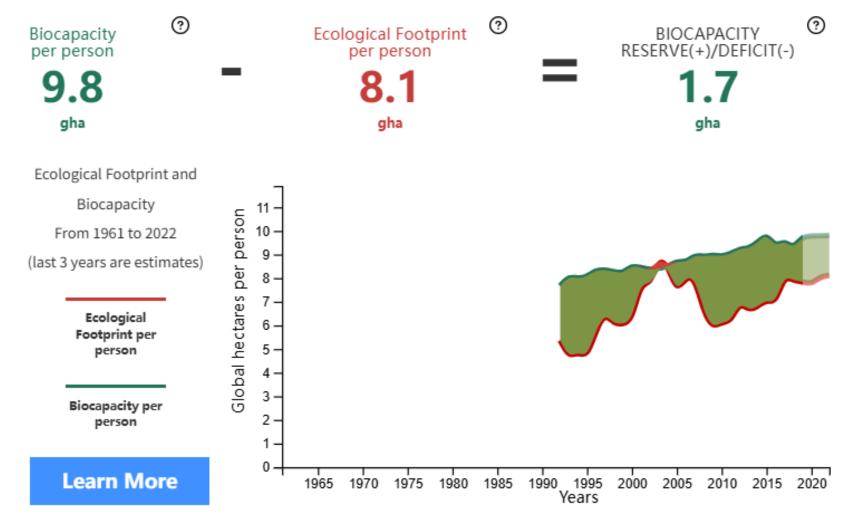




>150%

50% - 100% 50% - 0%

GDP PER PERSON \$28,055 1,326,060



Data Sources: National Footprint and Biocapacity Accounts 2023 edition (Data Year 2019);
GDP, International Financial Statistics (IFS); Population, U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization.

Q4 Which of the following do you think are the current main challenges the EU is facing? Please select up to three answers. [MULTIPLE ANSWERS]

Please select up to three answers. [MULTIPLE ANSWERS]											
		The war in Ukraine	Irregular migration	Environmental issues and climate change	The cost of living	Terrorism and security issues	Social inequalities	The conflict in the Middle East	Insufficient economic growth	Disinformation and information manipulation	Impact of digital technologies on the society
EU27		50	41	35	32	29	21	20	19	19	8
BE	()	51	38	39	31	27	20	20	18	17	8
BG		54	43	26	26	25	26	19	25	25	7
CZ		54	54	26	20	31	13	13	22	23	8
DK	lacksquare	58	37	45	16	32	16	24	9	18	14
DE		49	40	36	27	34	23	22	17	18	6
EE		63	44	16	46	27	20	12	30	19	5
IE	0	52	45	30	51	21	13	29	11	17	7
EL	٩	33	46	32	54	29	23	17	23	15	5
ES	•	43	42	35	36	24	25	23	21	21	8
FR	0	45	42	34	37	37	19	16	24	20	7
HR		58	51	26	37	27	16	16	24	18	7
IT	0	48	38	43	34	14	24	26	24	13	9
CY	3	28	64	28	48	35	19	23	19	11	4
LV		63	35	16	36	30	24	14	25	27	5
LT		74	48	24	17	35	17	20	12	25	5
LU		58	35	36	32	29	28	22	10	21	8
HU		62	33	33	24	30	29	17	19	20	6
MT		53	52	47	51	20	7	24	11	14	6
NL		56	40	48	27	27	16	21	8	21	10
AT		42	48	35	33	33	22	15	18	19	6
PL		56	51	30	29	30	15	15	16	24	9
PT		59	50	32	29	30	23	26	17	15	5
RO	()	52	33	29	34	36	18	14	21	21	10
SI		52	52	34	32	25	15	25	17	19	6
SK	9	53	41	26	28	25	24	13	24	30	12
FI	€	69	23	36	27	41	17	20	18	22	6
SE	(58	32	41	18	44	15	20	11	26	8

June-July 2024 Flash Eurobarometer 550 EU

Which of the following areas do you think the EU should address as a priority? Please select up to three answers. [MULTIPLE ANSWERS] defence food public Jobs, social equality and skills and rule Irregular migration war in Ukraine Environment and climate change competitiveness and Education and training Digital transformation and and Security and Public health Democracy of law Agriculture a security innovation Economy a Research Industry Energy Trade The

June-July 2024 Flash Eurobarometer 550 EU

