Artificial intelligence based digital twin models

to

monitor ship safety and efficiency

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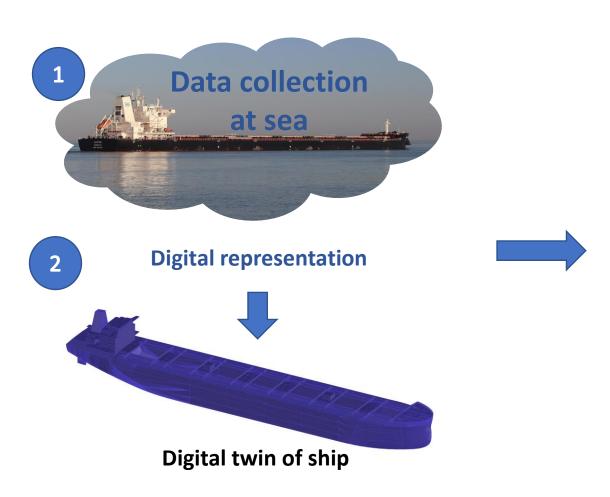
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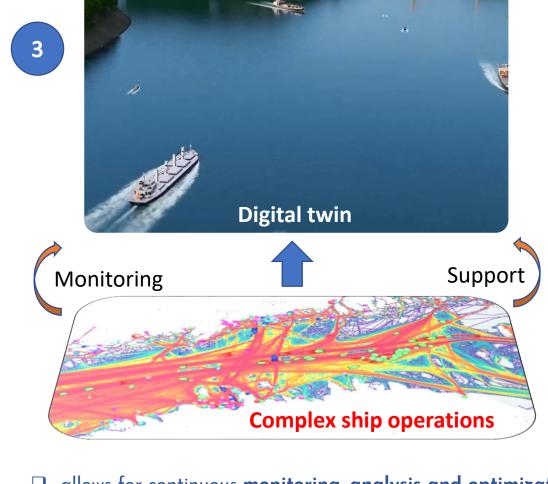
- Background
- Research question
- Method
- Results and application
- Conclusions



Ship digital twin

□ Data driven Digital twin

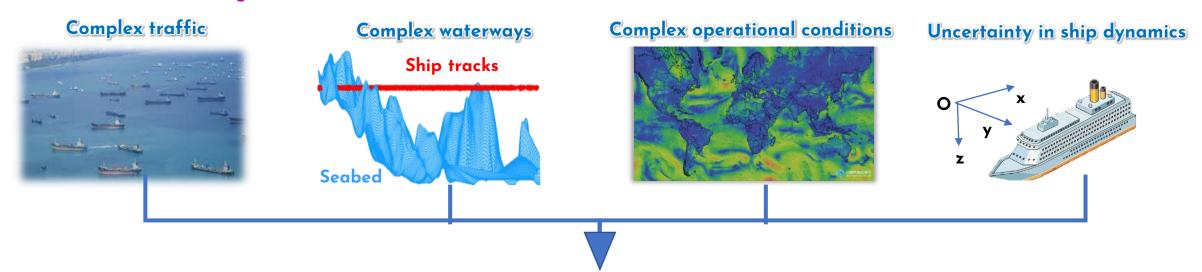




- lacktriangledown allows for continuous monitoring, analysis and optimization .
- promote better decision support (safety and efficiency)



Research question



Digital twin development

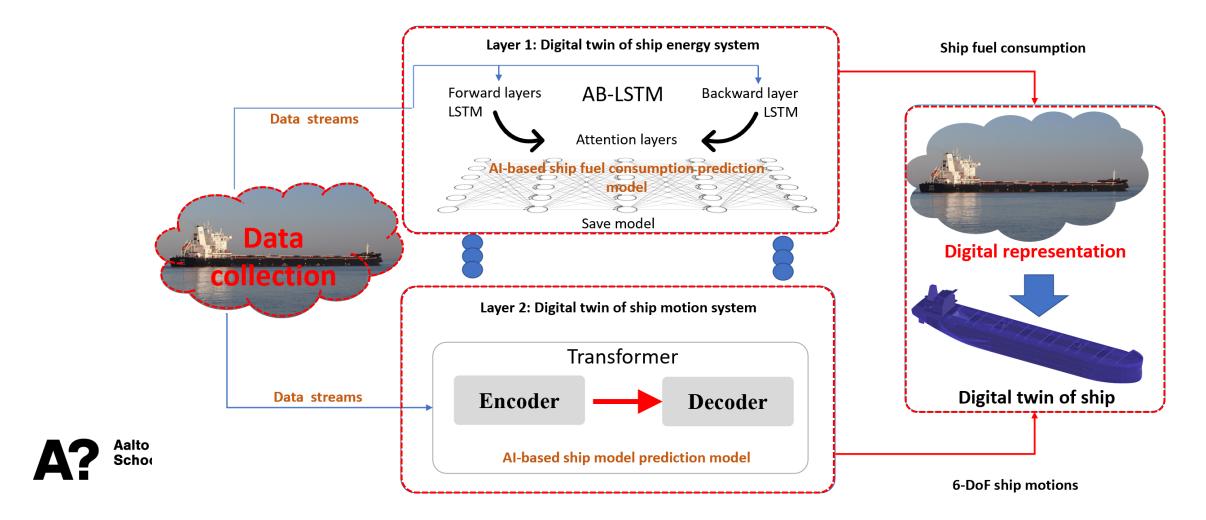


Can we use deep learning methods to capture ship systems and then optimize ship operations in real conditions?

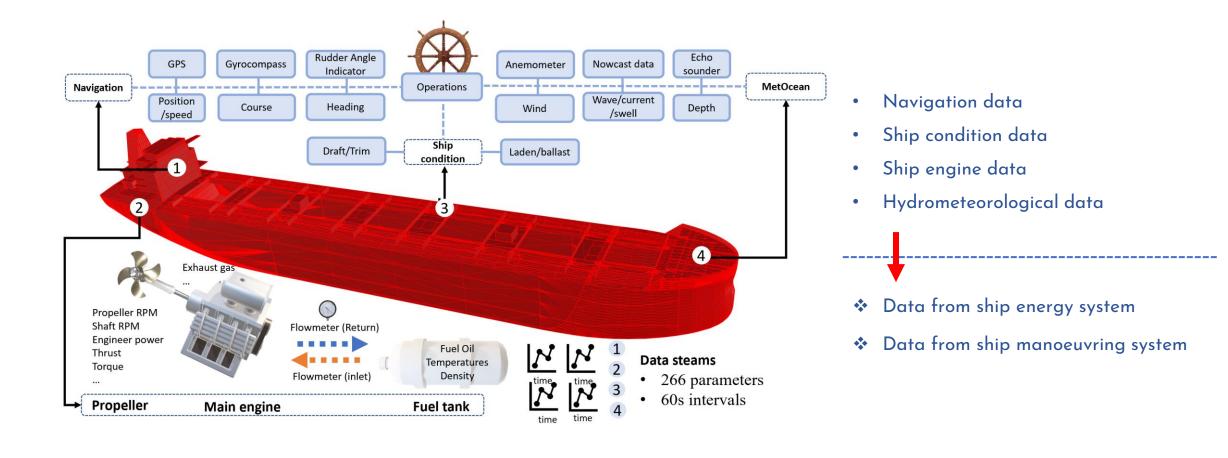


Research focus – 2 main deep learning layers

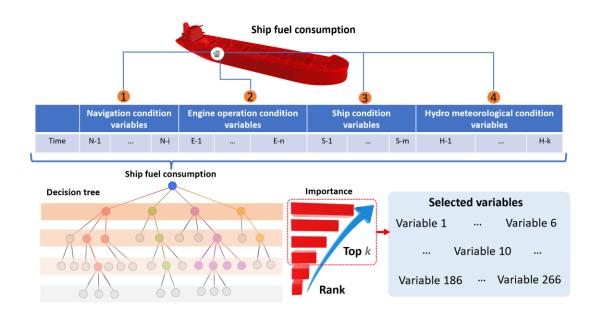
- Big data collection at sea
- Idealisation of the operations of ship energy systems
- Idealisation of the operations of hull and propulsion systems



Method (1/3) – Big data collection



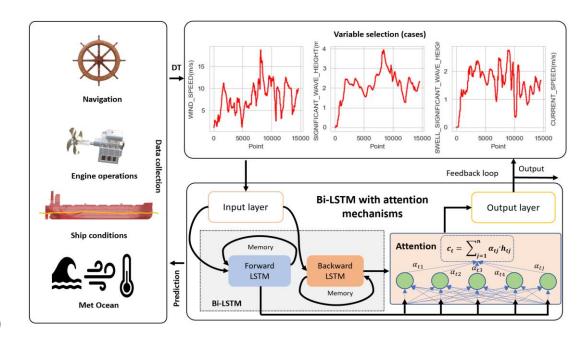
Methodology (2/3) – Ship energy systems



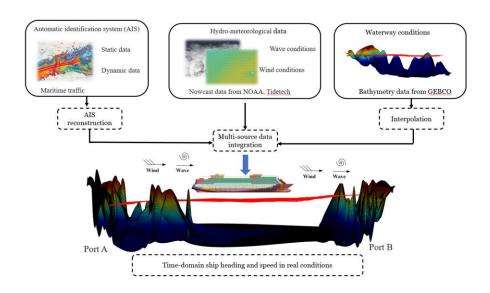
- Select key influencing factors on ship fuel consumption:
 - ✓ Navigation data (i.e., speed, heading, course, etc.)
 - ✓ Ship operation conditions (i.e., draft, trim, etc.)
 - ✓ Engine operations (i.e., fuel oil flow/ density, RPM, engine power)
 - ✓ Metocean data (i.e., air temperature, hydrometeorological data, etc.)

- Fuel consumption prediction layer
 - √ Attention mechanisms
 - ✓ Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory (Bi-LSTM)

 networks

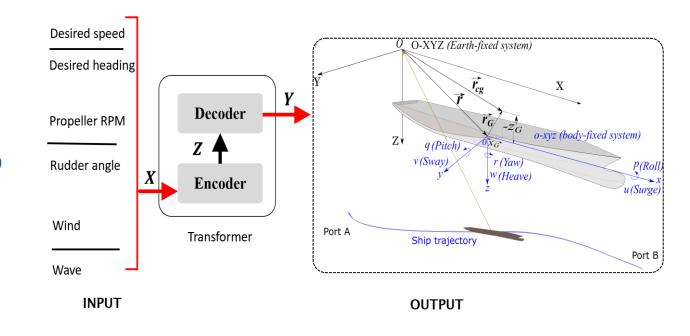


Methodology (3/3) - Hull motions & propulsion



- To recover the real operational conditions
 - Ship maneuvering data (Ruder, RPM, speed, heading)
 - 6 DOF (Surge, Sway, Heave, Roll, Pitch, Yaw)
 - Hydrometeorological conditions
 - Bathymetry data

- Ship motions prediction layer:
 - Transformer
 - Generative Pre-trained Transformer





Case studies

☐ Digital twin of ship energy system for the predictions of ship fuel consummation



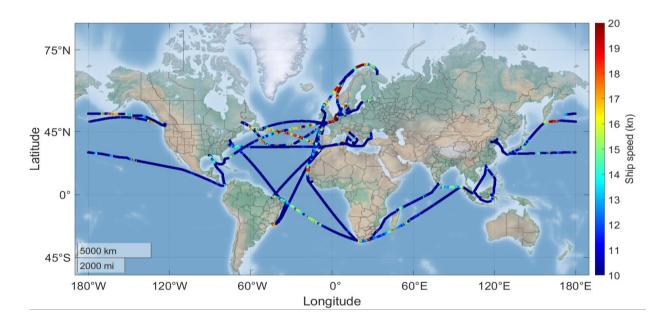
- IMO: 9843405
- ☐ Vessel Type : Bulk Carrier
- □ DWT: 81,600 t
- Length x Breadth: 229 x 32 m
- ☐ Year Built: 2020

□ Digital twin of ship maneuvering system for 6 DOF prediction



- ☐ IMO: 9773064
- ☐ Vessel Type :Ro-Pax ship
- □ DWT: 49 134.0 t
- ☐ Length x Breadth : 212.0 x 30.6 m
- ☐ Year Built: 2017

Results of layer 1 (data streams and model)

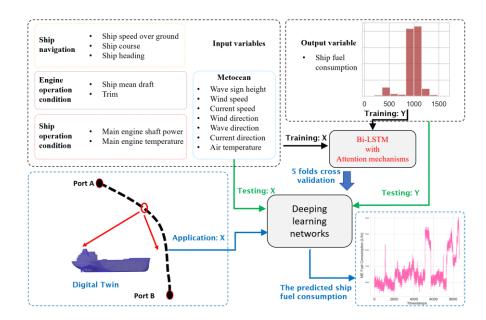


- MV KASTOR Bulker
- 01.02.21 10.02.23 (2 years)
- 53 different routes
- 60s intervals, more than 1M records



■ Model training and validation

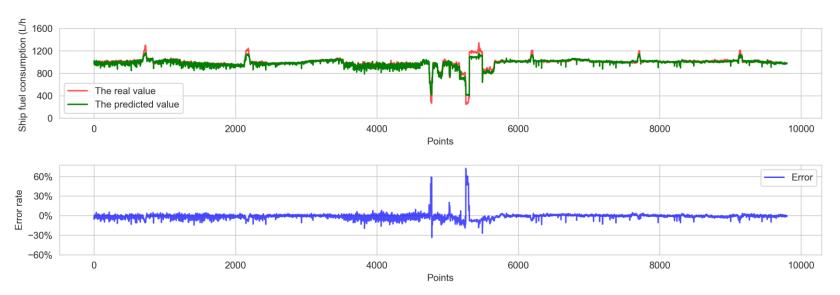
- Navigation, engine, ship operation and weather conditions set as inputs
- Ship fuel consumption set as outputs
- 80% of data used for training the model
- 20% of data used for validation



Results of layer 1 (model training / validation)

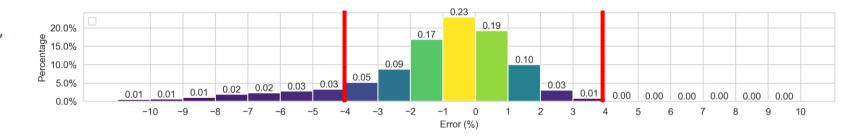
☐ Comparison of real and predicted ship fuel consumption

- 5-fold cross validation
- The average validation loss using Mean Squared Error (MSE) is determined to be 0.0204.



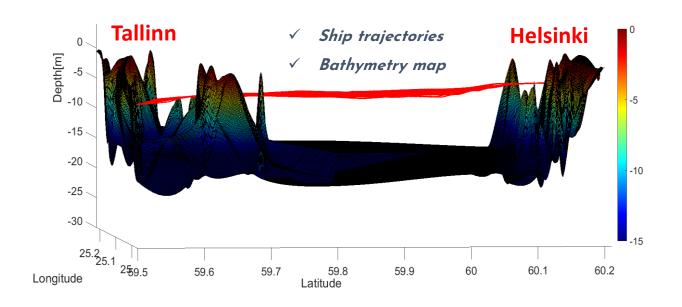
☐ Prediction errors using the proposed model

 Over 90% of errors are below 4%, with an average error rate of 0.98%.





Results of layer 2 (data streams and model)

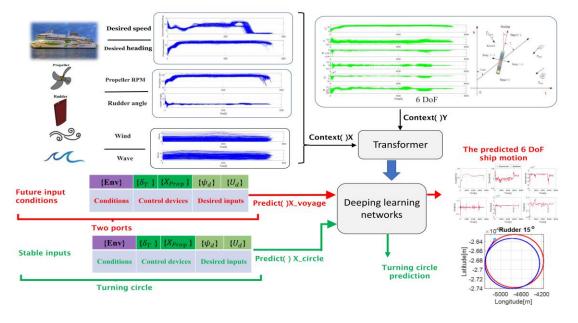


- Ro-Pax ship in Gulf of Finland
- 2018 2019 (ice free period)
- 500 different routes
- 60s intervals



■ Model training and validation

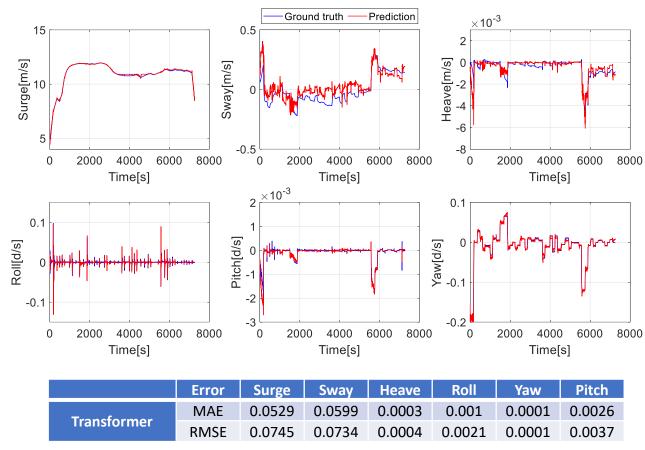
- Operational conditions and maneuvering commands set as inputs
- Ship motions set as outputs
- 80% of data used for training the model
- 20% of data used for validation

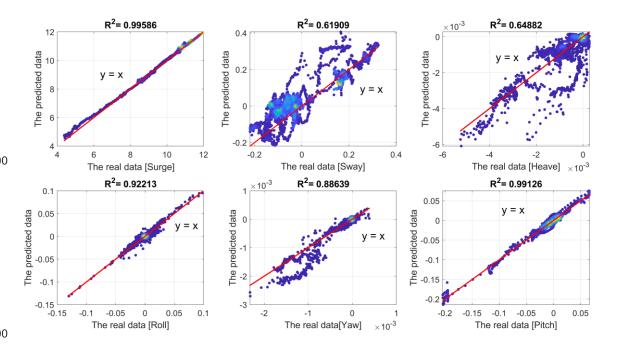


Results of layer 2 (model training / validation)

☐ Comparison of real / predicted ship motions





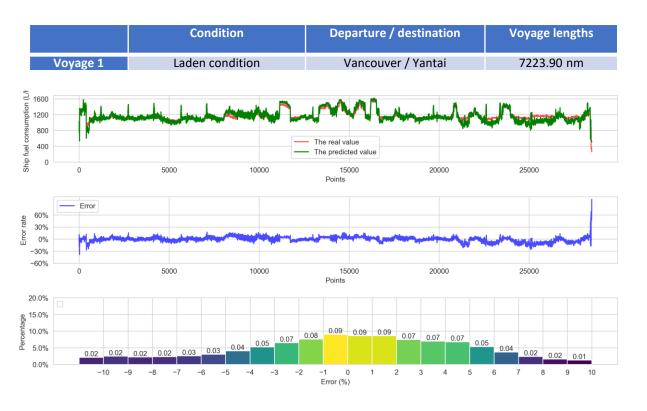


- R2 values for surge, roll, and pitch predictions exceeded 0.9
- R2 values for sway and heave predictions are 0.62 and 0.65



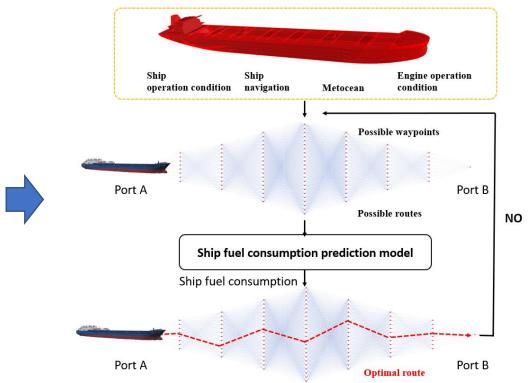
Applications on sustainable ship operations

☐ Ship fuel consummation prediction for whole voyage



 The ship digital twin can accurately capture ship energy system for ship fuel consumption in real conditions

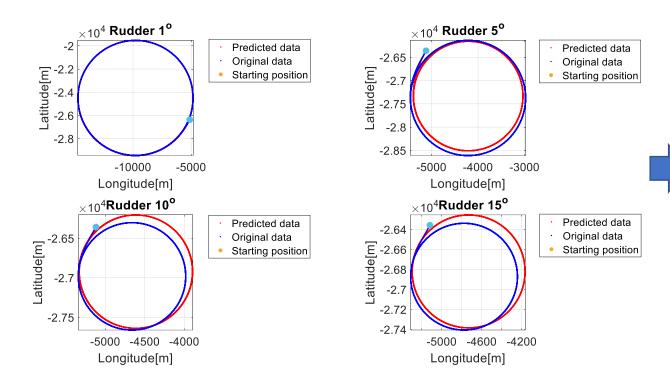




- The iterations within the optimization process can help
 - ✓ identify of the most efficient ship operations
 - ✓ reduce fuel consumption.

Applications on safe ship operations

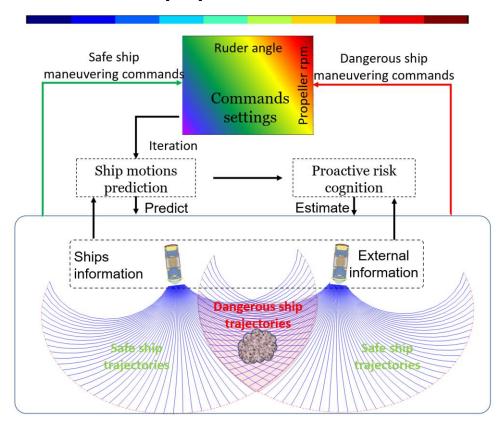
☐ Ship turning circle prediction



 The trained deep learning neural network can accurately capture ship motion dynamics in real conditions



□ Safe ship operations

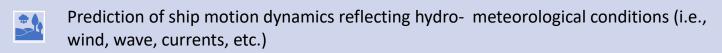


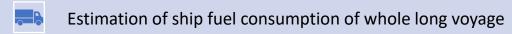
Ship maneuvering commands can be determined for proactive navigation avoidance

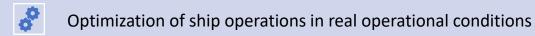
Conclusions

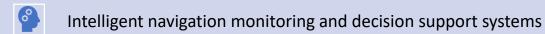
Al based ship digital twins may contribute to safer and sustainable ship operations













Thank you!

Questions?





